The London Acorn School.

Subject overviews Geography

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Acorn	School	Long Torm Coography Curriculum Over ious		
		Long Term Geography Curriculum Overview		
Term	Class/Year	Subject area		
	group			
Autumn	Class 1	Where are we all from? (family lineage and history)		
	Year 2	ATLAS AND GLOBES		
		Use maps, atlases and globes to locate places		
		Identify the four countries that make up the United Kingdom		
		Name some of the towns and cities in the United Kingdom, including those that are north and		
		south		
		Locate the north and south pole and the equator on a globe Ask and answer questions about the location of places		
		Make observations about where things are located		
		LOCAL & FAMILIAR PHYSICAL FEATURES		
		Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to school and other familiar features		
		Understand navigation of roads and landmarks within our area (How do we come to school?)		
		Ask and answer questions about the local environment (the rose garden and our homes)		
		Know where they live and what their address is.		
		Safety in and around London		
		Keeping me and my family safe in the park, on public transport and in the home		
		Place knowledge § understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the		
		human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country		
Spring	Class 1	Locational knowledge		
Shing	Year 2	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans		
		Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United		
		Kingdom and its surrounding seas		
		Evelope where different enimals are found and their four with any incomparts		
		Explore where different animals are found and their favourite environments Identify and place animals in their correct biomes and suitable environments		
Summer	Class 1	FEATURES AND PHYSICAL OF OUR PARK		
	Year 2	Understand geographical similarities and differences including physical features of the park and its		
		natural habitats		
		Ask and answer questions about the local environment in relation to the park and its ecosystems Recognise how the park environment can be adapted and improved		
		Caring for our park and our environment (sustainability)		
		use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: § key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast,		
		forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather § key human		
		features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop		
		Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional		
		language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes		
		on a map		
		And others to explore relational geography space, the importance of these two forces since the		
		beginning of time and the rich cultural significance of these features.		
		Human and physical geography § identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United		
		Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the		
		North and South Poles		
Autumn	Class 2	AFRICA		

	Year 3	• Compare and contrast Africa to England • Locate Africa on a map or globe • Identify the main differences with regards to climate, land use, animals, daily life. • Identify the characteristics of a 'day in the life of an African Child' – school day • Understand the importance of water in Africa • Explore African traditions including-food, dress, art
Spring	Class 2	CONTINENTS AND OCEANS
	Year 3	 Name and locate the worlds seven continents and five oceans Explore the idea that a continent is a very large area of land. Discuss the varying sizes of the continents and oceans and locate them on the map and globe. Use geographical language to name and locate the seven continents and five oceans.
Summer	Class 2 Year 3	 MAPS & PLANS Use maps and plans on a range of scales • Devise a simple map and construct basic symbols in a key • Make observations about where things are located • Use simple observational skills to study the geography of the school and its grounds • Recognise the changes in features
A .		
Autumn	Class 3	LOCATION
	Year 4	Find out how a compass works
		Name the eight points of a compass
		Use the eight points of a compass to follow a bearing
		Make a simple compass using magnets (science and
		D.T link).
Spring	Class 3 Year 4	SCOTLAND Name and locate UK Countries and their cities, the geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristic, topographical features including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers. Use patterns and understand how some of these have changed over time. Know the geographical features of Scotland and compare with another European Country – France and South America (google maps)
		Understand the physical geography of Scotland including rivers and mountains (Ben Nevis) Use maps atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.
Summer	Class 3 Year 4	BIOMES Know that a biome is a climatically and geographically contiguous area with similar climatic conditions, such as communities of plants, animals, soil organisms, and viruses. Describe and understand the key aspects of physical geography including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts in relation to the Eden Project Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including the distribution of natural resources such as water Use fieldwork skills to observe and record and present the human and physical features of the Eden project Understand how the human features (and design) of the Eden project, impacts on the
		sustainability of biomes.
Autumn	Class 4	ENVIRONMENT
	Year 5	• An environmental issue caused by a changing environment • Understand and gain knowledge of attempts to manage the environment sustainably • Describe and understand human geography including land use and economic activity • Observe measure and record human features in the local area
Spring	Class 4	SOUTH AMERICA
ЭргшВ	Year 5	Defining rainforests and locate them on a world map- the Amazon Identifying the equator and Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn Using maps to identify continents and countries where the Amazon is located Learning that the hot, humid climate of rainforests make them perfect for plant growth Identifying the 4 main layers of vegetation in a tropical rainforest: emergent layer, canopy, under storey and forest floor Defining 'climate' and discussing the local climate, including changes in seasons Use charts and graphs to explore the climate of tropical rainforests, including heat and rainfall Exploring the part the rainforests play in the water cycle (briefly Y5 topic) Exploring the way of life of the Yanomami tribe, including housing, clothing, hunting, traditions, etc. Comparing the lives of indigenous rainforest tribes with life in modern society Exploring some of the reasons for deforestation

		Investigating the impact of deforestation on plants, animals and humans in the rainforest and around the world - Identifying ways we can help save the rainforests
Summer	Class 4	PLACE KNOWLEDGE -FRANCE
	Year 5	Know what Europe is and how it is constituted
	Teal 5	Name and locate the countries of Europe
		Locate France and compare the similarities and differences with our own locality in relation to the
		physical and human features
		Explore the diverse range of landscapes that France has to offer, including coasts and mountain
		ranges
		Use digital mapping to identify the features of France (google earth)
		Research a key human feature in France, the Channel Tunnel. Describe and understand its key
		aspects including trade links and economic activity
Autumn	Class 5	Europe
Addinin	Year 6	Locate world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (incl location of Russia concentrating on
	real o	their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries and major cities
		Find and identify the countries involved in the triple entente and triple alliance.
		Use symbols and arrows to demonstrate the movement of alliances during the war
		Explore human geography during the war:
		land use, trade links, distribution of natural resources
		User the eight point compass, four and six figure grid references, symbols and keys to build their
		knowledge of the UK and wider world
		Investigating a variety of extreme weather phenomena, such as tropical storms, floods, lightning,
		hurricanes and tornadoes. Explore the effects these can have on people and the landscape
		Earthquakes
		Finding out about the Earth's tectonic plates and how these move to create earthquakes. Exploring
		areas of the globe that are prone to earthquakes because of fault lines. Exploring examples of
		earthquakes and the effects they had on people and the landscape
		Using a map to identify the location of earthquakes around the world
		Tsunamis
		Finding out how tsunamis are caused by earthquakes under the sea bed. Exploring the effects of
		tsunamis on people and the environment- Investigating the Indian Ocean tsunami of 2004
		Exploring the effects of natural disasters on people and communities
		Exploring how aid agencies and charities respond to natural disasters and ongoing issues of famine
		and drought
		Exploring what individuals can do to help those affected by natural disaster, famine and drought
Spring	Class 5	Know how mountains are formed and the definition of a mountain
Sping	Year 6	Locate of world's major mountain ranges by continent and country using maps, plans and globes
	rear o	Learn the names and locations of some of the world's most famous mountains
		Investigating the physical and human features of Mount Everest
		(height, location, climate, land patterns)
		Investigate why it is that mountains have their own climate
		Exploring climate data for Ben Nevis and Everest and compare
		Interpreting the impact of a mountain climate on the mountain environment
		Explore why mountains such popular tourist destinations
		Discuss the positives and negatives of tourism in mountain environments: economy, transport,
		pollution, danger to wildlife, etc.
Summer	Class 5	Identifying the host cities and countries of the Olympics using world maps and globes
Junner		Identify continents, countries and major cities associated with the Olympics.
	Year 6	Locating host countries on a world map
		Identifying national flags of Olympic host countries
		Exploring what flags are and why they are important
		Finding out how the Olympic bid system works and why people want the Olympics to be held in
		their cities
		Investigating how the host country will be affected by the Games
		Exploring positive and negative aspects of hosting the Olympics with regards to economy, travel,
		etc